

ASTR 367

HW 1

1)  $L = 100W$

$$L_0 = 3.846 \times 10^{26} W$$

$$F_0 = 1361 W/m^2 \quad (\text{Pisa et al, 2016})$$

$$\frac{100W}{4\pi d^2} = 1361 W/m^2$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \left( \frac{100}{4\pi \cdot 1361} \right)^{1/2} = 0.076m = 7.6cm$$

$$z) d) d = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.379''} = 2.64 \text{ pc} = 8.15 \times 10^{18} \text{ cm}$$

$$b) m - M = 5 \log d - 5$$

$$= 5 \log (2.64) - 5 = -2.89$$

$$3) a) m - M = 5 \log d - 5 = -2.89 \quad (\text{from } \# 2)$$

$$M = m + 2.89 = -1.53 + 2.89 = 1.36$$

$$b) \frac{L_s}{L_\odot} = 10^{0.4(M_\odot - M_s)}$$

$$M_\odot = 4.75 \quad (\text{bolometric})$$

$$M_s = 1.36$$

$$\frac{L_s}{L_\odot} = 10^{0.4(4.75 - 1.36)} = 22.70$$

$$c) A = 10^4 \text{ K}$$

$$d) L = 4\pi R^2 \sigma T^4 = R = \left( \frac{L}{4\pi\sigma T^4} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{R_s}{R_\odot} = \left( \frac{L_s}{L_\odot} \right)^{1/2} \left( \frac{T_\odot}{T_s} \right)^2$$

$$T_\odot = 5800 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{R_s}{R_\odot} = (22.70)^{1/2} \left( \frac{5800}{10^4} \right)^2 = 1.60$$

4) Blue! Hotter!

5) a)  $L = A\sigma T^4$

$A = 1.4 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2$

$T = 98.6^\circ\text{F} = 310 \text{ K}$

$\sigma = 5.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ erg s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-4}$

$L = 1.4 \times 10^4 \cdot 5.67 \times 10^{-5} \cdot 310^4$

$= 7.33 \cdot 10^9 \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

b)  $\lambda_{\text{max}} = \frac{0.2898}{T} \text{ cm} = \frac{0.2898}{310} \text{ cm} = 0.000935 \text{ cm}$   
 $= 9.35 \text{ } \mu\text{m} = \text{IR}$

6) a) Assume  $m_{\min} = -1$

$$\frac{F_{28}}{F} = 10^{0.4(m - m_{28})}$$

$$= 10^{0.4(-1 - 28)}$$

$$= 2.51 \times 10^{-12}$$

b)  $m - M = 5 \log d - 5$

$$d = \frac{150 \times 10^6 \text{ km}}{3.08 \times 10^{13} \text{ km/pc}} = 4.87 \times 10^{-6} \text{ pc}$$

$$M = -27 - 5 \log(4.87 \times 10^{-6}) + 5$$
$$= 4.56$$

$$m = M + 5 \log(3) - 5$$

$$= 4.56 + 5 \log(3) - 5$$

$$= 1.94$$